

# THE ROAD TO GENERAL CONFERENCE

PART 1 OF 4

created by the



## FIRST: A QUICK LOOK AT OUR STRUCTURE

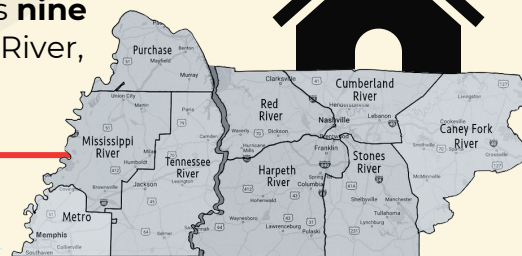


### IT STARTS WITH YOU!

You are a committed leader within your local church faithfully participating in the life and ministries of your local congregation through your **prayers, presence, gifts, service, and witness.**

### YOUR CHURCH IS PART OF A DISTRICT

The Tennessee-Western Kentucky Conference (TWKUMC) has **nine districts and one Urban Cohort.** The districts are Caney Fork River, Cumberland River, Harpeth River, Metro, Mississippi River, Purchase, Red River, Stones River, and Tennessee River.



### YOUR DISTRICT IS PART OF AN ANNUAL CONFERENCE



Your church is one of approximately 534 churches in the Tennessee-Western Kentucky Annual Conference. The United States has 54 annual conferences, supervised by bishops in 46 episcopal areas. There are 75 annual conferences in Africa, Europe, and the Philippines, which are supervised by 20 bishops.

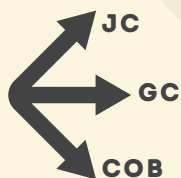


### YOUR CONFERENCE IS PART OF A JURISDICTION

There are five US Jurisdictions -- North Central, Northeastern, South Central, Southeastern, and Western. The Tennessee-Western Kentucky Conference is part of the **Southeastern Jurisdiction (SEJ).**

### WE ARE A WORLDWIDE CHURCH

Outside the US, Annual Conferences are organized into seven **Central Conferences.** Together we all make up the United Methodist Church.

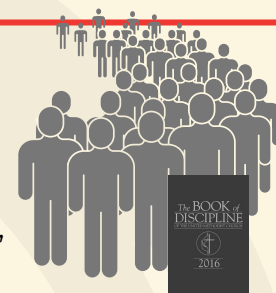


### WE ARE GOVERNED BY THREE BODIES

The United Methodist Church does not have a central headquarters or a single executive leader. Duties are divided among bodies that include the **Judicial Council**, the **General Conference**, and the **Council of Bishops.**

### GENERAL CONFERENCE SETS POLICY

The General Conference meets every four years. Legislation is examined and voted upon by **persons elected** from Annual Conferences from **across the denomination.** The Council of Bishops presides over General Conference and the Judicial Council reviews passed legislation to determine its constitutionality, legality, or meaning.



## THE TENNESSEE-WESTERN KENTUCKY DELEGATION



### DELEGATIONS ARE ELECTED

**Delegates** to General Conference are elected by Annual Conference members at their Annual Conference meetings every four years. Typically this happens the summer prior to General Conference. The number of delegates ranges from 600-1000. This year there will be **862 delegates**, half clergy and half laity.

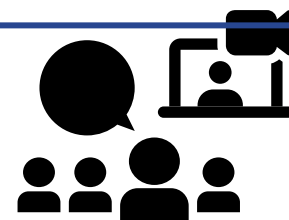


There are **six clergy** and **six laity** (plus alternates) on the TWKUMC General Conference delegation. These delegates were elected in 2019 before we became a new conference. Therefore, the 2024 General Conference session identifies our representatives as two delegations elected by the legacy Memphis and Tennessee Conferences.

(Our full delegation includes an additional 11 delegates to the SEJ Conference as well as alternates.)

### MEETINGS

Legacy delegations began meeting immediately following their election; the **full TWKUMC delegation has been meeting together since 2022** to prepare for General Conference. These meetings have been in a hybrid format and have concluded with monthly meetings for the last 6 months leading up to General Conference.

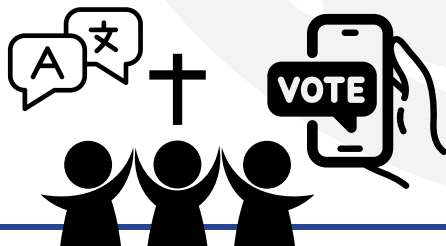


### 2020 IN 2024

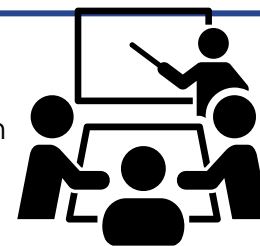
After pandemic-related delays the Judicial Council ruled that 2020 was not canceled but was postponed. When the delegation heads to Charlotte in April they will be participating in the **2020 General Conference**.

### AT GENERAL CONFERENCE

General Conference is a 10-day meeting consisting of several parts. Delegates will spend much of the first week **meeting in committees** to review legislation and make edits or changes before passing it to the larger body for voting.



Delegates will participate in **worship** experiences, engage in **conversation** and **dialogue** with fellow delegates from across the world, and ultimately will be tasked with **voting on legislation** put before the body.



### WHERE?

General Conference will take place in **Charlotte**, North Carolina.

### WHEN?

**April 23-May 3, 2024**



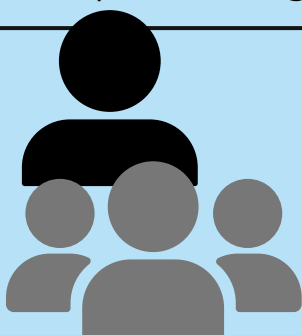
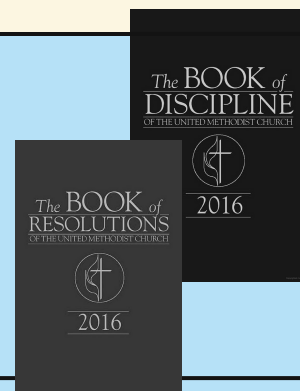
## WHAT IS GENERAL CONFERENCE?

General Conference is the body that **sets official policy** and **speaks for the denomination**. This body meets every four years to revise and amend the *Book of Discipline*, the *Book of Resolutions*, and other official documents. It also sets the denomination's budget.



## LEGISLATION

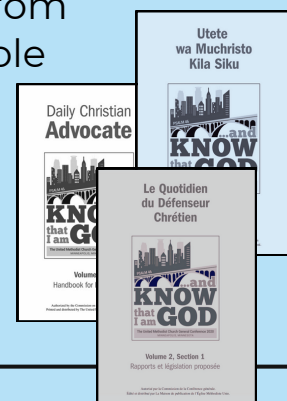
Petitions with changes or additions to the *Book of Discipline*, the *Book of Resolutions*, and other official documents are submitted during the years between General Conferences. This legislation is what General Conference Delegates act upon during General Conference.



## AUTHORS

**Anyone** can submit a petition to General Conference. Some come from individuals, some come from groups of people, some come from official bodies or organizations from within the church, and some even come from whole Annual Conferences.

Legislation is submitted prior to General Conference and is compiled for delegates into volumes of the **Advanced Daily Christian Advocate** to read and review. The ADCA is translated into four languages - English, French, Portuguese and Kiswahili.



## REVISIONS

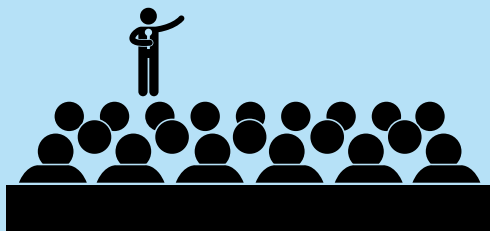
Submitted legislation is **grouped by theme** into one of fourteen **Legislative Committees**. Each General Conference delegate serves on a single committee and spends the first several days in committee reading, having conversations about, and revising what has been submitted.

Often there are **similar pieces of legislation** that aim to do the same thing that can be selected, combined, and/or revised before passing them forward.

Each day General Conference delegates receive **updated legislation** that has moved from committee on to the full body.



## WHAT IS GENERAL CONFERENCE? *(continued)*

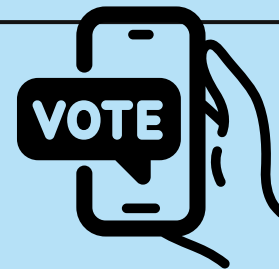


### PLENARY SESSIONS

The full body of the General Conference meets together for worship, dialogue, and voting. It is in **full plenary sessions** where votes are taken on petitions and resolutions.

### VOTING

Each General Conference delegate votes on legislation brought before the body. Most legislation requires only a **majority vote**.



Changes to the **constitution** require **both** a 2/3 vote by the General Conference and a 2/3 aggregate vote of lay and clergy members in annual conferences.

## AFTER GENERAL CONFERENCE



### REVISED DOCUMENTS

The *Book of Discipline*, the *Book of Resolutions*, and other documents as approved by the General Conference are updated with revisions. Passed legislation usually becomes effective on **January 1st** of the following year.

### CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

Constitutional amendments passed by 2/3 of the General Conference are sent to Annual Conferences for voting. Those **elected to attend Annual Conference** from their church or district will cast a vote.



Once **all Annual Conferences** from across the connection have voted, if 2/3 of the total votes cast are in favor, that legislation becomes official.



**LEARN MORE**

[twkumc.org/general-conference-information](http://twkumc.org/general-conference-information)

Sources: [umc.org](http://umc.org), [umnews.org](http://umnews.org), [resourceumc.org](http://resourceumc.org)

Created for the VAUMC and then adapted.